

# PIDs4SOM

## Persistence of Scholarly Content on the Social Web

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# Background

- increasing importance of research blogs for scientific discourses
- problem: no persistent identifiers for scholarly blog posts

20. Opsahl, T. Why Anchorage is not (that) important: binary ties and sample selection (published August 12, 2011; accessed December 16, 2012). URL <http://toreopsahl.com/2011/08/12/>.

[in: Della Rossa, F. et al. (2013): Profiling core-periphery network structure by random walkers, Scientific Reports 3 (1467), doi:10.1038/srep01467]



If you use any of the information in this post, please cite: Opsahl, T., 2013. Triadic closure in two-mode networks: Redefining the global and local clustering coefficients. Social Networks 35, doi: 10.1016/j.socnet.2011.07.001.

[<http://toreopsahl.com/2011/12/21/article-triadic-closure-in-two-mode-networks-redefining-the-global-and-local-clustering-coefficients/>]

# Goals

- making scholarly content on the social web available as persistent, citable objects
- increasing the acceptance of scientific discourses taking place on the social web
- contributing to methods for indexing scientific content on the social web

# General Architecture

