

A Scalable Solution for Transparent Peer Review

Ray Boucher^{1*}, Erin Arndt¹, Tiago Barros², Lisbeth Cranfield¹, Chris Graf¹, Debbie Menzies¹, and Michael Willis¹

¹ Wiley

² Publons

* Corresponding author: rboucher@wiley.com

There has been increased demand for more openness in the peer review process in recent years, as researchers and publishers strive to bring greater transparency to the research and publication process.

In September 2018, Wiley launched a collaborative initiative to pilot a transparent peer review workflow, in collaboration with Publons and ScholarOne (both part of Clarivate Analytics). The first journal to take part was *Clinical Genetics*.

- Authors have the option to choose transparent peer review on submission to the journal.
- By “transparent peer review” we mean if an article is published, the peer reviewers’ reports also accompany publication
- If reviewers wish to disclose their names they are free to do so, but this is an optional step

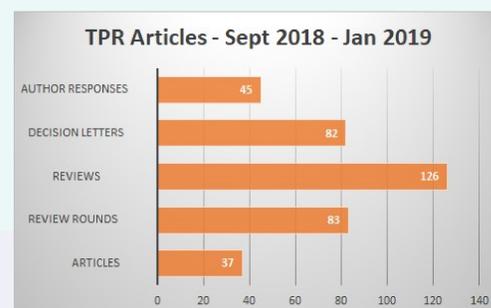
Benefits

- Increased accountability for the peer review process
- Recognition for the work that editors and peer reviewers do
- Fully compatible with the emerging open research agenda
- Other elements of the “peer review history” readily available

“From my perspective as an author and as an editor, I firmly believe that the editorial process should be transparent. Publishing the accompanying peer review history of a paper adds real value to the peer review process and illustrates how the process of publishing research works.” Reiner A Veitia, Professor of Genetics at Paris Diderot University, Paris, France and Editor-in-Chief of the journal *Clinical Genetics*

Results

Month	Total number original submissions	Number agreeing to TPR	Percentage agreeing to TPR
August	75	67	89%
September	75	69	89%
October	90	73	81%
November	96	69	58%
December	101	72	71%
January	91	67	74%
Total	528	417	77%



“While this sounds like a radical idea, and in certain respects it is, it’s a first step in the direction of real open science.” - Paul Kirschner, Distinguished University Professor at the Open University of the Netherlands and Visiting Professor of Education at the University of Oulu, Finland and Editor-in-Chief of the *Journal of Computer Assisted Learning*

What's Next

It is vital that any initiative has the capability to scale and be compatible with different peer review models, across diverse subject disciplines and publisher workflows. To learn more, in January 2019, a further ten journals joined the pilot.

Table 1. Journals participating in the next phase of the transparent peer review pilot

Journal	Existing peer review model	Discipline
<i>Diabetes, Obesity & Metabolism</i>	Single-blind	Endocrinology
<i>European Journal of Immunology</i>	Transparent	Immunology
<i>European Journal of Neuroscience</i>	Transparent plus reviewer identities	Neuroscience
<i>Hematological Oncology</i>	Single-blind	Oncology
<i>Journal of Advanced Nursing</i>	Double-blind	Nursing
<i>Journal of Computer Assisted Learning</i>	Double-blind	Information technology
<i>Journal of Experimental Zoology Part B</i>	Single-blind	Developmental evolution
<i>Molecular Oral Microbiology</i>	Single-blind	Oral microbiology
<i>Traffic</i>	Transparent	Cell biology
<i>Wind Energy</i>	Single-blind	Wind power technology

TPR – Workflow diagram

